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# LAB 5
# REMINDER: The work in this assignment must be your own original work and must be
completed alone.

class Node:
    def __init__(self, value):
        self.value = value

        self.left = None
        self.right = None

    def __str__(self):
        return
("Node({})".format(self.value))

__repr__ = __str__


class
BinarySearchTree:
    ''
    >>> my_tree = BinarySearchTree()

>>> my_tree.isEmpty()
True
>>> my_tree.insert(9)

>>> my_tree.insert(5)
    >>> my_tree.insert(14)
    >>>
my_tree.insert(4)
    >>> my_tree.insert(6)
    >>>
my_tree.insert(5.5)
    >>> my_tree.insert(7)
    >>>
my_tree.insert(25)
    >>> my_tree.insert(23)
    >>>
my_tree.getMin
4
>>> my_tree.getMax
25

>>> 67 in my_tree
False
    >>> 5.5 in my_tree
True

    >>> my_tree.isEmpty()
False
    >>>
my_tree.getHeight(my_tree.root)      # Height of the tree
3
    >>>
my_tree.getHeight(my_tree.root.left.right)
1
    >>>
my_tree.getHeight(my_tree.root.right)
2
    >>>
my_tree.getHeight(my_tree.root.right.right)
1
    >>>
my_tree.get_closest(18)
14
    >>> my_tree.get_closest(19)

23
    >>> my_tree.get_closest(5)
5
    >>>
my_tree.get_closest(72)
25

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>>> my_tree.get_closest(7)
7
>>> my_tree.get_closest(8)
9
...
def __init__(self):
    self.root = None

def insert(self, value):
    if self.root is None:
        self.root=Node(value)
    else:
        self._insert(self.root, value)

def _insert(self, node, value):
    if(value<node.value):
        if(node.left==None):
            node.left = Node(value)
        else:
            self._insert(node.left, value)
        else:
            if(node.right==None):
                node.right = Node(value)
            else:
                self._insert(node.right,
value)

def isEmpty(self):
    # YOUR CODE STARTS HERE
    # check if the
root node of the tree is empty or not
    # return True if it is
    if self.root is
None:
        return True
    # return False if it is not
    else:

return False
    pass

@property
def getMin(self):
    # YOUR CODE
STARTS HERE
    # check if the tree is empty or not
    if self.isEmpty() is True:
        return None
    # if left node of root does not exist, return the root value
because it is the min value
    if self.root.left is None:
        return
    self.root.value
    # else call the getMinHelper to further check the left side of the
tree
    else:
        return self.getMinHelper(self.root.left)
    pass

def getMinHelper(self, node):

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# return the current value if there is no left node

if node.left is None:
    return node.value
    # else keep calling
getMinHelper to further check the left side of the tree
else:
    return
self.getMinHelper(node.left)
    pass

@property
def getMax(self):
    #
YOUR CODE STARTS HERE
    # check if the tree is empty or not
    if self.isEmpty():
is True:
        return None

        # if right node of root does not exist, return the
root value because it is the max value
        if self.root.right is None:
            return
self.root.value
        # else call getMaxHelper to further check the right side of the tree

    else:
        return self.getMaxHelper(self.root.right)

    pass

def getMaxHelper(self, node):
    # return the current value if there is no right node

    if node.right is None:
        return node.value
        # else keep calling
getMaxHelper to further check the right side of the tree
    else:
        return
self.getMaxHelper(node.right)
    pass

def __contains__(self, value):

# YOUR CODE STARTS HERE
    # if the value of the root node equals to the checked value,
return true
        if self.root.value == value:
            return True

            # if the
root nodes' left node exists
            if self.root.left is not None:
                # if the
checked value is less than the root node's value return the result of containsHelper for left
node
                    if value < self.root.value:
                        return
self.containsHelper(self.root.left, value)

            # if the root nodes' right node exists

            if self.root.right is not None:
                # if the checked value is more than the root
node's value return the result of containsHelper for right node
                    if value >
self.root.value:
                        return self.containsHelper(self.root.right, value)

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# returns False if no "True" conditions are met
    return False

pass

def containsHelper(self, node, value):
    # if the value of the current node
equals to the checked value, return true
    if node.value == value:
        return
True

    # if the current nodes' left node exists
if node.left is not None:

        # if the checked value is less than the current node's value
        # return the
result of containsHelper for left node
        if value < node.value:

return self.containsHelper(node.left, value)

        # if the current nodes' right node
exists
        if node.right is not None:
            # if the checked value is more than the
current node's value
            # return the result of containsHelper for right node

        if value > node.value:
            return self.containsHelper(node.right,
value)

    # returns False if all "True" conditions are not met

return False
    pass

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def getHeight(self, node):
    # YOUR CODE STARTS
HERE
    # call and return the results from getHeightHelper for the node
    return
self.getHeightHelper(node)
    pass

def getHeightHelper(self, node):
    #
if the node is empty return zero
    if node is None:
        return 0

    #
declare the two variables for storing the height for both left and right sides

height_left_subtree = 0
    height_right_subtree = 0
    # call getHeightHelper for
left node is it exist
    # store the result in height_left_subtree and plus one

if node.left is not None:
    height_left_subtree = self.getHeightHelper(node.left) +
1
    # call getHeightHelper for right node is it exist
    # store the result in
height_right_subtree and plus one
    if node.right is not None:

height_right_subtree = self.getHeightHelper(node.right) + 1

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        # return the higher
        value of the two between height_left_subtree and height_right_subtree
        return
max(height_left_subtree, height_right_subtree)

def get_closest(self, item):

# YOUR CODE STARTS HERE
    # if the tree is Empty return None
    if
self.isEmpty():
    return None

        # call and return the result from
get_closest_helper
        return self.get_closest_helper(item, self.root.value, self.root)

    pass

# item is the item to find
# closest is the current closest value in the
tree
# node is the current node
def get_closest_helper(self, item, closest,
node):

    # if current node is Node return the closest value
    if node is
None:
        return closest
    # if the difference between the item and closest is
larger than the difference between item and the value of
        # the current node, change
the value of closes to the current node's value
        if abs(item - closest) > abs(item -
node.value):
            closest = node.value
        # if the item is larger than the
current node's value, store the result of get_closest_helper for right node
            if item
> node.value:
                closest = self.get_closest_helper(item, closest, node.right)

    # if the item is smaller than the current node's value, store the result of
get_closest_helper for left node
            if item < node.value:
                closest =
self.get_closest_helper(item, closest, node.left)

        # return closest if all the above
conditions are not met
        return closest
    pass

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